15476 Porphyritic Pigeonite Basalt 266.3 grams



Figure 1: Photo of 15476 showing micrometeorite craters and underlying foliation caused by long pyroxene phenocrysts. Sample is about 8 cm across. NASA S71-46905.

Introduction

15476 was collected from Dune Crater – along with 15475, 15485, 15495 and 15499 (Swann et al. 1971). It has a beautiful texture very like that of 15475. It has not been dated. However, another pigeonite basalt, with strikingly similar texture, (15682) has been dated at 3.4 b.y.

Petrography

According to Ryder (1985), "15476 is a pigeoniteporphyritic mare basalt with large phenocrysts, a radiate, finer-grained groundmass and a distinct foliation or lineation (figure 1). It is an averagemember of the quartz-normative mare basalt suite. It is light brown with green to brown zoned prismatic pyroxene phenocrysts and a few percent vugs. It is coherent, slabby or tabular, and has a few zap pits on all faces." The cores of large pyroxene phenocrysts are relatively unzoned, with a rather sharp boundaries when they transition to high-Ca, high-Fe margins (Kushiro 1973). Some pyroxene phenocrysts appear to have grown with hollow cores, now filled with fine-crystalline matrix. The lack of augite exsolution in the pigeonite cores led Virgo (1972) to surmise that the cooling rate was rapid. The overall texture indicates a two stage cooling history. The groundmass between the phenocrysts locally has variable texture from "radiate" to subophitic.

Lofgren et al. (1975, 1976) and Grove and Walker (1977) studied the cooling history of Apollo 15 pigeonite basalts (reported elsewhere).

Chemistry

All Apollo 15 basalts have similar composition, although they can be divided into two groups (olivine-normative and pyroxene-phyric). 15476 is of the later.



Figure 2a: Photomicrographs of thin section 15476,36 by C Meyer @20 and 150x.

Mason et al. (1972), Brunfelt et al. (1972), O'Kelley (1972) and Duncan et al (1975) analyzed 15475 (table 1 and figures 7, 8 and 9).

Radiogenic age dating

Tatsumoto et al. (1972) determined the isotopic composition of U-Th-Pb.

Cosmogenic isotopes and exposure ages

Eldridge et al. (1972) reported the cosmic-ray-induced activity of ${}^{22}Na = 43$ dpm/kg, ${}^{26}Al = 62$ dpm/kg, ${}^{54}Mn = 27$ dpm/kg and ${}^{56}Co = 20$ dpm/kg.

Processing

15476 has never been sawn (a messy process at best). There are 8 thin sections. In general, the sample has not received the study it deserves – perhaps because it is an apparent "sister" to sample 15475. See also 15682.



Mineralogical Mode of 15476

Rhodes and Hubbard 1973	Papike et al. 1976
66.2	69.7
26.3	24.7
4	3.4
3.3	1.7
0.2	0.5
	Rhodes and Hubbard 1973 66.2 26.3 4 3.3 0.2





Figure 3: Photomicrographs of thin section of 15476. a) 15476,38, b) 15476,37. Scale about 1 cm.



Figure 4: Photos of thin sections of 15476. a) 15476,36, b) 15476,35. Scale is about 1 cm.



Figure 5: Photomicrographs of thin section 15476,35 by C Meyer @ 30x.

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Figure 7: Normalized rare-earth-element diagram for 15476 compared with soil 15601.



Figure 8: Chemical composition of 15476 compared with other lunar basalts.



Figure 9: Chemical composition of Apollo 15 basalts showing two basic types. 15476 is pigeonite basatl.

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Table 1. Chemical composition of 15476.

reference	Mason 72 Brui		Brunfelt	runfelt 72 Dunc		75	O'Kelley	D'Kelley 72		
weight SiO2 % TiO2 Al2O3 FeO MnO MgO CaO Na2O K2O P2O5 S % sum	48.46 1.75 9.54 20.76 0.28 8.69 10.5 0.28 0.07 0.05	(a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a) (a)	1.9 9.16 19.43 0.28 8.29 13.85 0.35	(e) (e) (e) (e) (e) (e)	47.84 1.82 10.02 19.79 0.26 8.35 10.74 0.35 0.043 0.081 0.067	(d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d) (d)	0.05	(c)		
Sc ppm V Cr Co Ni Cu Zn Ga Ge ppb As	90 3600 27 7 3	(b) (b) (b) (b)	40.6 220 2244 34.4 20	(e) (e) (e) (e)	160 3200 38 15 4 <1.5	(d) (d) (d) (d) (d)				
Se Rb Sr Y Zr Nb Mo Ru Rh Pd ppb Ag ppb Cd ppb In ppb Sn ppb Sb ppb Te pob	<5 98 42 105	(b) (b) (b) (b)	6 114	(e) (e)	1.5 115 31.4 110 5.6	(d) (d) (d) (d)				
Cs ppm Ba La Ce Pr	63	(b)	0.31 54 5.9	(e) (e) (e)	75	(d)				
Sm Eu			4.3 1.13	(e) (e)						
Gd Tb Dy Ho Er			0.88 3.5	(e) (e)						
Tm Yb Lu			3.4	(e)						
Hf Ta W ppb Re ppb Os ppb Ir ppb Pt ppb Au ppb			3.6 0.4	(e) (e)						
Th ppm U ppm <i>technique:</i>	(a) wet	chen	0.52 0.21 nical, (b)	(e) (e) OES	, (c) rad	iatio	0.51 0.14 n counting	(c) (c) g, (d) XRF, (e) INAA		

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