12054 Glass-coated Ilmenite Basalt 687 grams



Figure 1: Photograph of 12054,0 showing shiny glass coating and large (cm-sized) glass-lined micrometeorite pit with surrounding spall zone. The light-colored area was below the soil line and protected from the glass splash. Scale is in cm. NASA photo # S69-62793.

Introduction

Lunar sample 12054 is an ilmenite basalt with 4.7 wt. percent TiO_2 (Neal et al. 1994). It is one of only a few mare basalts with shock features (Schaal and Hörz 1977).

Much of 12054 has been coated by a large glass splash (figure 1). The glass is described as yellowish orange to reddish brown and is about 0.5 mm thick in most places. According to Schaal and Hörz, the glass coating did not form *in situ*, but was deposited as an "impact melt splash derived from a basalt similar to 12054" (not soil).

12054 has been used for numerous "consortium studies" related to exposure phenomena (micrometeorites, sputtering, solar-flare tracks, ion implantation etc). In fact, this rock was used as a sort of "standard" for micrometeorite "zap" pit, cosmicray track studies and irradiation history because it had a known orientation, glass coating and relatively simple history (Hartung et al. 1978, Zook 1978). The orientation of Apollo 12 samples is discussed in Sutton and Schaber (1971) and Hartung et al. (1978) who match a picture of 12054 from the lunar surface with artificial lighting in the laboratory.

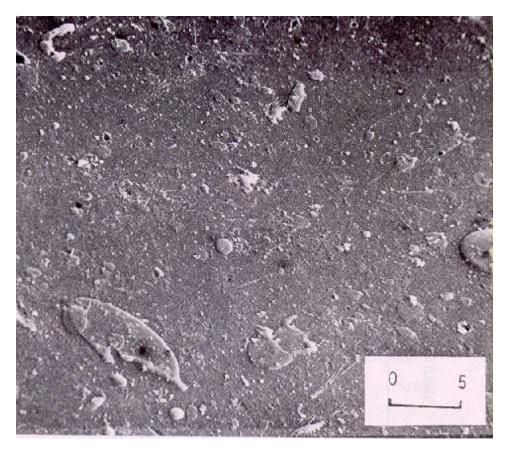


Figure 2: The very surface of the moon! This scanning electron microscope photo of the surface of 12054 shows that minute glass splashes and pancakes accrete on the exposed surfaces of moon rocks (from Morrison and Zinner 1977). Scale is 5 microns.

Petrography

The basaltic texture of 12054 can be seen in the photos of the sawn surfaces (figure 8, 9). Dungan and Brown (1977) briefly describe 12054 as medium-grained, equigranular, with lath-shaped plagioclase and equant to slightly elongate pyroxene intergrown, suggestive of coetectic crystallization. Elongate ilmenite and small segregations of "symplectoid mesostasis" are common features. Schaal and Hörz (1977a) and Neal et al. (1994) classify 12054 as an ilmenite basalt. Schaal and Hörz find that 12054 has been shocked to ~250-450 kbars. Diaplectic feldspars are highly fractured. Pyroxene crystals exhibit pronounced undulatory extinction and decreased birefringence.

Mineralogical Mode for 12054					
	Schaal and	Neal et			
	Horz 1977a	al. 1994			
Olivine		10.8			
Pyroxene	62	62.1			
Plagioclase	29	27.9			
Ilmenite	11	5.2			
Chromite		~2			
Mesostasis		~2			

The glass coating is a flowed basaltic melt which thermally modified 12054 along its contact. The glass contains oblong vesicles (up to 1.2 mm) and schlieren up to 0.4 mm. Schaal and Hörz describe "dendrites" in some of the glass.

Hörz et al. (1971), Hartung et al. (1972, 1978), Morrison and Zinner (1977), and Mandeville (1977) carefully studied the size frequency distribution of micrometeorites and solar flare track density on the glass surface of 12054 (figure 9). McDonnell (1977) and Zook (1978) reported on the accreta and dust on the surfaces of 12054 (figures 2, 12).

Mineralogy

Pyroxene: Pyroxene shows "patchy extinction" and a "marked decrease in birefringence". Pyroxene compositions were determined by Schaal and Hörz (1977) (figure 3).

Plagioclase: Plagioclase in 12054 is shocked to maskelynite $(An_{93} - An_{89})$.

Ilmenite: Long ilmenite needles (~0.8 cm) can be seen in photos of the slabbed surfaces (figures 8, 10). Ilmenite is fractured and has "bent lamellae less than 15 micons wide".

Glass: The glass coating on 12054 (figure 9) was analyzed by Schaal and Hörz (1977).

Chemistry

O'Kelley et al. (1971a) determined U, Th and K by radiation counting (table 1). Neal et al. (1994) reanalyzed 12054 and found the earlier analysis by Rhodes et al. (1977) to be repeatable (figure 5).

Radiogenic age dating

The crystallization age of 12054 has not been determined. The age of the shock event is also unknown.

Cosmogenic isotopes and exposure ages

O'Kelley et al. (1971b) determined the activity 22 Na = 39 ± 7 dpm/kg, 26 Al = 50 ± 10 dpm/kg, 46 Sc = $52 \pm$ dpm/kg, 54 Mn = 36 ± 5 dpm/kg, and 56 Co = 40 ± 10 dpm/kg.

Bogard et al. (1971) determined rare gasses in 12054 and Hartung et al. (1977) measured He, Ne and Ar on sunlit and shaded surfaces of 12054 by laser ablation mass spectroscopy. Kerridge (1991) used this data to calculate the sputter-erosion rate of the lunar surface (<0.24 microns/m.y.).

Morrison and Zinner (1977) calculate an exposure age of 1.75×10^5 yr. using the track production rate of Blanford et al. (1975) and 1.6×10^5 yr. based on 26 Al. This is comparable to the galactic cosmic ray exposure age of 1.5×10^5 yr. from the data of Bogard.

Other Studies

Samples were apparently allocated to Arnold and Nishiizumi for cosmic ray depth profile studies (unpublished?).

Processing

Figure 11 shows a schematic drawing of the slab that was cut through 12054 (figure 9, 10). Only two thin sections were prepared There are 4 thin sections.

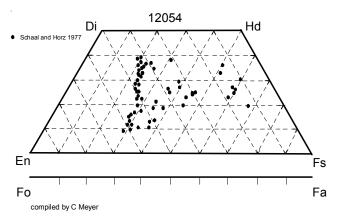


Figure 3: Pyroxene composition diagram for 12054 (from Schaal and Horz 1977).

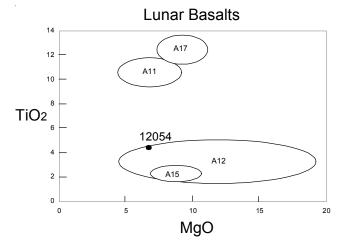


Figure 4: Composition of 12054 compared with that of other lunar basalts.

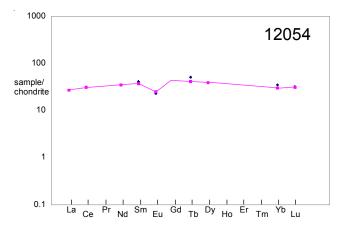


Figure 5: Normalized rare-earth-element diagram for 12054 (data from Neal et al. 1994 and Rhodes et al. 1977).

Table 1. Chemical composition of 12054.

reference weight	O'Kelle 687 g	y71			Schaal7		Gibso	n77	Nyquist	77	Neal 94 0.694		LSPET 687 g	70	Neal20	001
SiO2 % TiO2 Al2O3 FeO MnO MgO CaO Na2O K2O P2O5 S % sum	0.064	(a)	45.86 4.63 10.47 19.51 0.29 6.67 11.93 0.31 0.07 0.06 0.09	(b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b)	43.27 4.72 9.51 19.57 0.24 9.22 11.45 0.23	(c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c)	0.141	(d)			4.7 10.1 20.2 0.262 7.7 10 0.294 0.062	(f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f) (f)	0.063	(a)		
Sc ppm			64	(f)							64.3	(f)			78	(g)
V Cr Co Ni Cu Zn Ga Ge ppb			2258 31	(f) (f)	2463	(c)					144 2150 33.7 31	(f) (f) (f) (f) (f)			193 2841 39 9.1 27 37 4.15	(g) (g) (g) (g) (g) (g)
As Se Rb Sr Y Zr Nb Mo Ru Rh			162 51 128 6.3	(b) (b) (b)					0.408 388	(e) (e)	111	(f)			1.14 171 65 221 8.71	(g) (g) (g) (g) (g)
Pd ppb Ag ppb Cd ppb In ppb Sn ppb Sb ppb Te ppb Cs ppm Balana			64	(e)							76 6.3	(f) (f)			0.03 73 7.13	(g) (g)
Ce Pr			18.8	(f)							18.7	(f)			19.7 3.3	(g) (g)
Nd Sm Eu			6 1.27	(f) (f)							16 5.5 1.4	(f) (f) (f)			16.7 6.11 1.37	(g) (g) (g)
Gd Tb Dy Ho Er			1.85	(f)							1.48 9.4	(f) (f)			8.65 1.54 10.2 2.12 6.15	(g) (g) (g) (g)
Tm Yb Lu Hf Ta W ppb Re ppb			5.8 0.78 4.8	(f) (f) (f)							4.9 0.75 4.1 0.4	(f) (f) (f) (f)			0.87 5.54 0.73 5.7 0.44 80	(g) (g) (g) (g) (g)
Os ppb Ir ppb Pt ppb Au ppb Th ppm	0.79	(a)									0.61	(f)	0.77		0.78	(g)
U ppm technique:	0.22 (a) rad	(a) iation	countii	ng, (b) XRF,	(c) e	-probe	, (d)	sulfur, (e) IDI	MS, (f) IN	VAA.	0.21 , (g) ICF		0.23	(g)

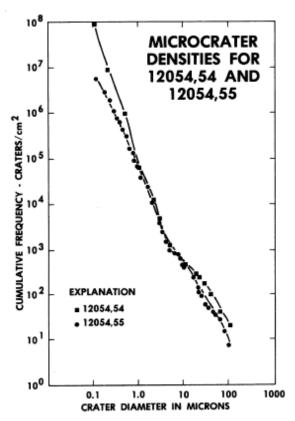


Figure 6: Size frequency distribution of micrometeorite craters on 12054 (from Morrison and Zinner 1977).

List of Photo #s 12054

\$69-60972	Science
\$69-62772-795	color mug shots
\$70-22984-998	close up, surface
\$75-34420	,11 butt end
\$76-21409	surface of slab
\$76-21417	slab pieces
\$78-23277	glass splash
S78-23277	glass splash
S70-22988	surface, close up

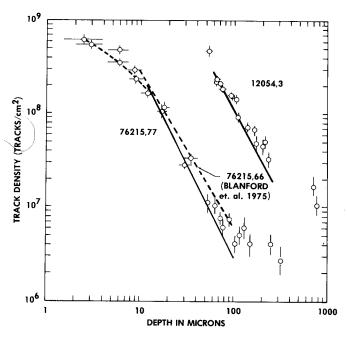


Figure 7: Solar flare track density as function of depth in glass on 12054 (from Morrison and Zinner 1977).



Figure 8: Photo of end-piece 12054,11, after sawing, illustrating basaltic texture. NASA # S75-34420. Sample is 7 cm across.

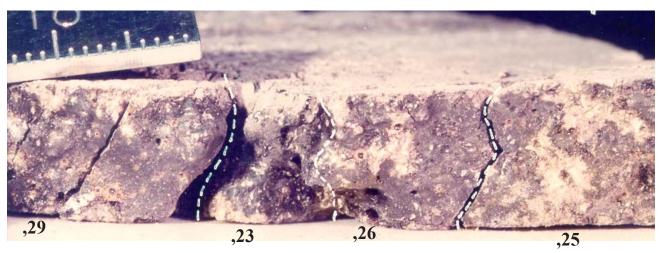


Figure 9: Surface of slab cut from 12054. NASA # S76-21409. Scale in mm.

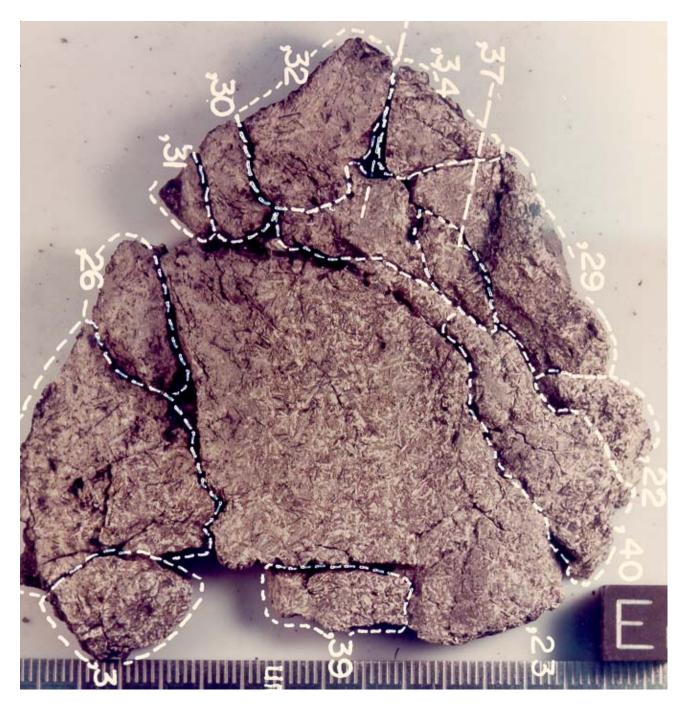


Figure 10: Photo of cm-thick slab (,29) cut through the middle of 12054. Cube is 1 cm. NASA # S76-21417.

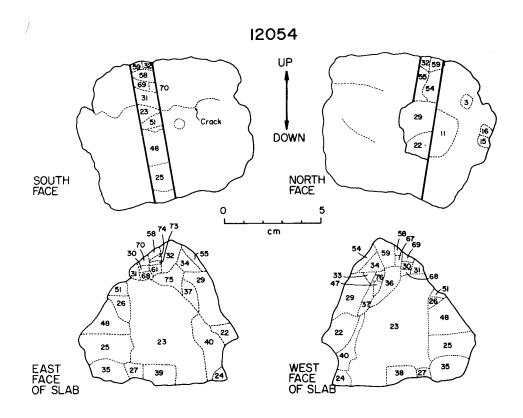
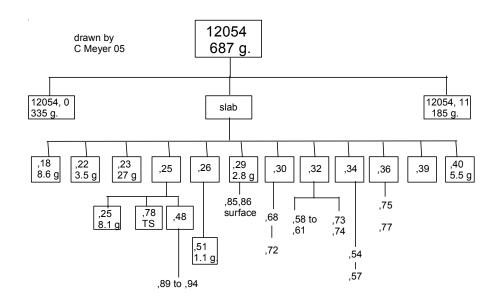


Figure 11: Cutting diagram for 12054 showing position and orietation of of slab (from Hartung et al. 1978).



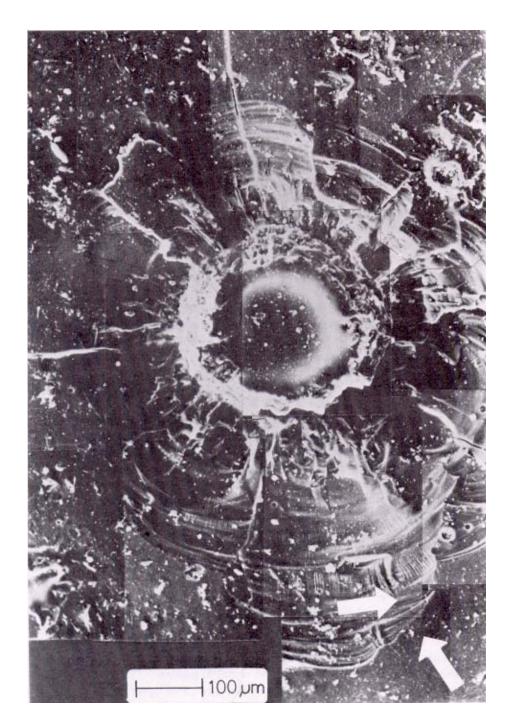


Figure 12: Large micrometeorite crater (zap pit) with surrounding spall zone on surface of 12054 (from McDonnell 1977). Note the materials that have acreted since the crater formed.

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